

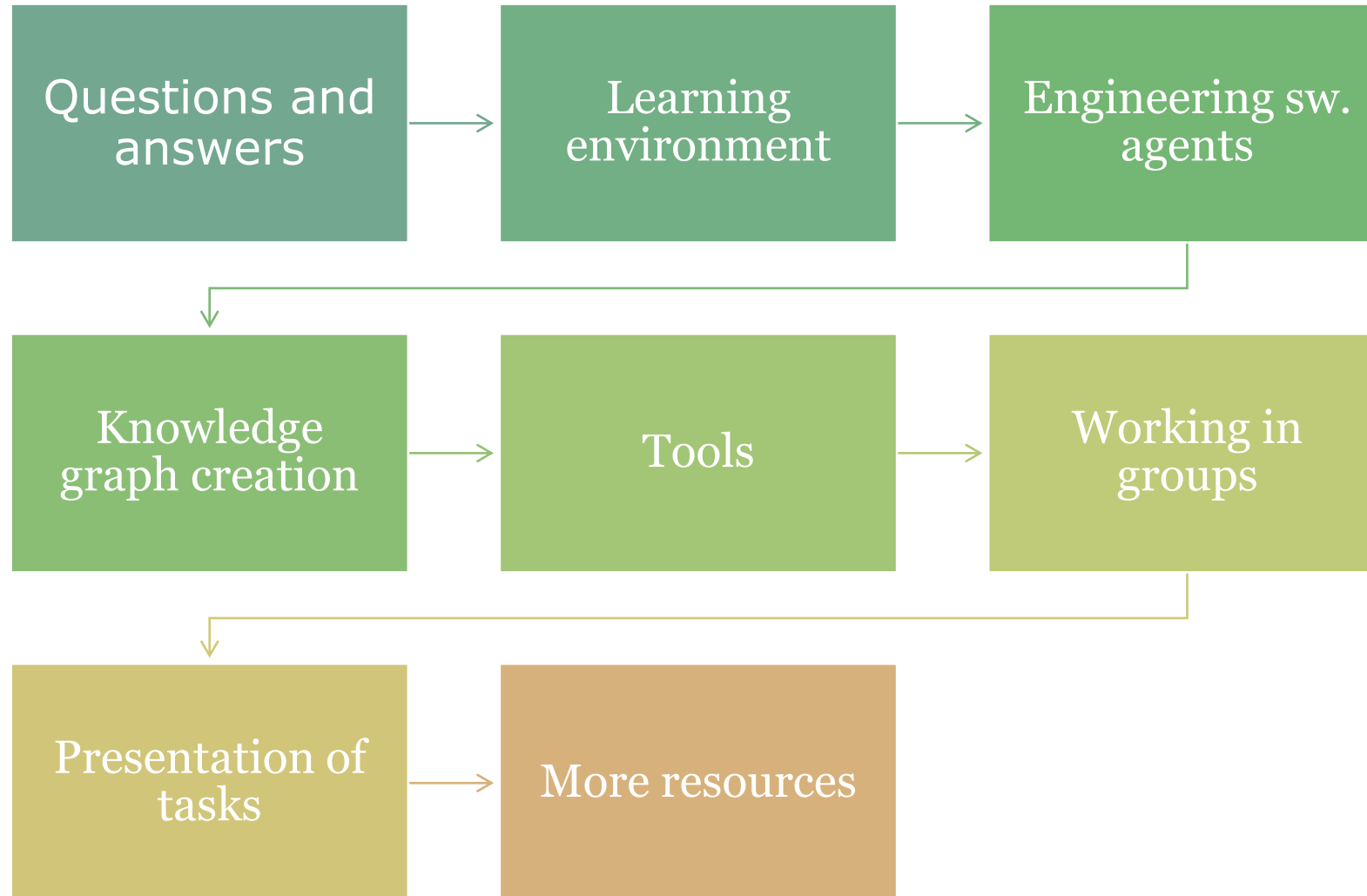
HOW TO BUILD A SOFTWARE AGENT?

Ph.D. Esteban Guerrero
esteban@cs.umu.se



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CONTENT



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QUESTIONS?



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BEFORE START...

- Any question about the lecture?
- Any suggestion or petition?

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 63 46 25 7



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INTERACTIVITY IN SMART ENVIRONMENTS 2020

ABOUT OUR LEARNING ENVIRONMENT



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ESTEBAN GUERRERO

- Current position: Researcher
- Topic: Formal and applied methods of Artificial Intelligence for autonomous multi-agents systems
- Education:
 - Ph.D. in Computing Science, Umeå University. Sweden.
 - Ph. Lic. in Computing Science, Umeå University.
 - M.Sc. Master's degree in Computer Science, Malmö University. Sweden.
 - M.Sc. Master's studies in Telematics Engineering, University of Cauca. Colombia.
 - B.Eng. Bachelor degree in Electronic and Telecommunications Engineering, University of Cauca. Colombia.
- Industrial experience:
 - 4 years R&D engineer in a telecommunications company.



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STAR-C: Sustainable behaviour change for health supported by person-Tailored, Adaptive, Risk-aware digital Coaching in a social context

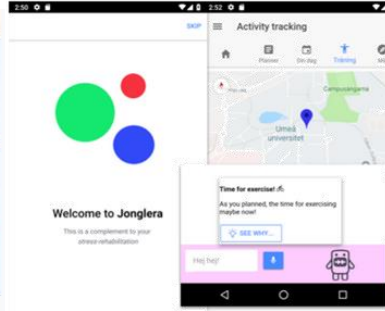
Partners: Department of Computing Science, Department of Epidemiology and Global Health, Department of Culture and Media Studies and Department of Social Work Umeå University

Project period:
2018-12-01 – 2024-11-30

Funding agency:
FORTE

Budget:
14'940.000 SEK (Swedish krona)

Research subject: Public health and community medicine



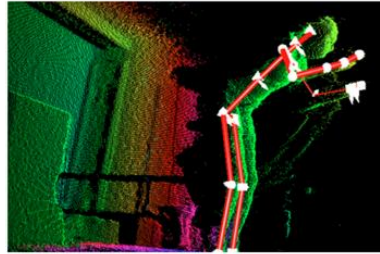
Jonglera - an agent-based coaching system for stress management

Partners: Computing Science dept. and dept. of Psychology, Umeå University
Key words: multi-agent system; argumentation theory; coalitions; stress; psychology
2017-2019



Autonomous adaptation of software agents in the support of human activities

Partners: Computing Science dept. Umeå University Sweden and Human Performance and Technology Lab, National Taiwan University, Taiwan



Intelligent skiing coach

Partners: Computing Science dept. and Umeå School of Sport Sciences, Umeå University
Key words: 3D camera; machine learning; multi-agent system; biomechanics
2017-



Towards a trusted intelligent coach

Partners: Computing Science dept. and Umeå School of Sport Sciences, Umeå University
Key words: 3D camera; machine learning; multi-agent system; biomechanics
2018-



Mobile sports science platform

Partners: Computing Science dept. and Umeå School of Sport Sciences, Umeå University
Key words: mobile application; multi-agent system; sensors;
2016-2017

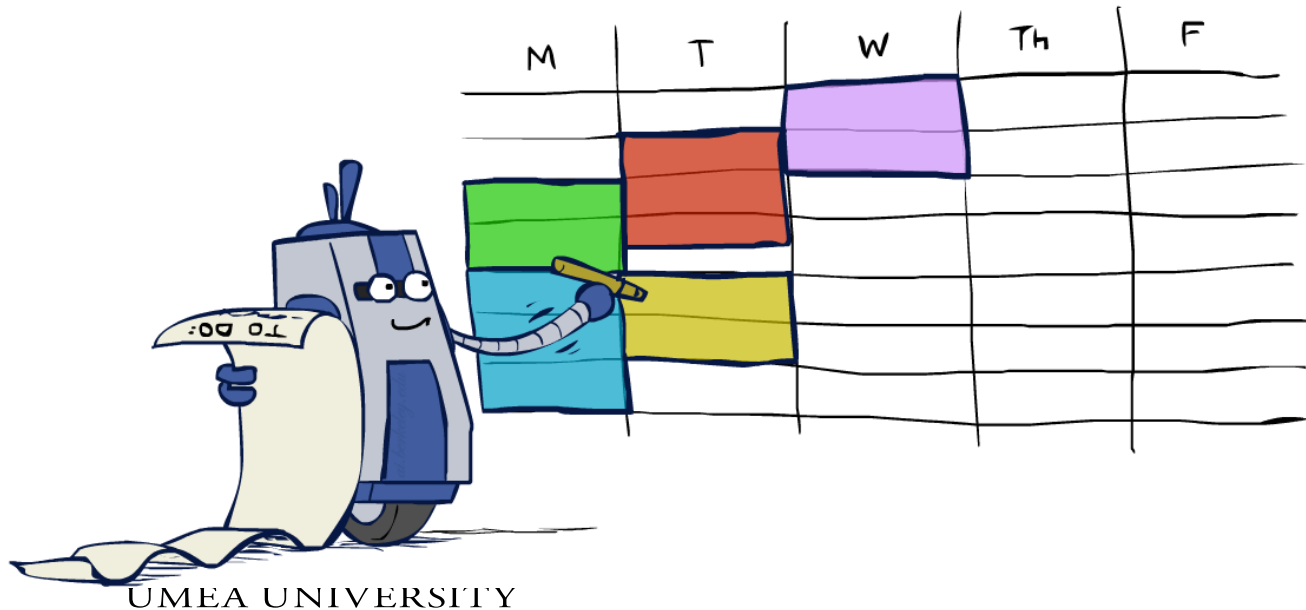
<https://people.cs.umu.se/esteban/>



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OUR COMMUNICATIONS

- Top 5 4:
 1. Email esteban@cs.umu.se
 2. Canvas tools, chat, discussions, etc.
 3. UmU Play video comments (<https://play.umu.se>)
 4. YouTube video comments
 5. ~~Scheduled office visits~~



WHAT ABOUT YOU?

What experience in software tools do you have?

Open <https://www.menti.com/>

Code 3093764

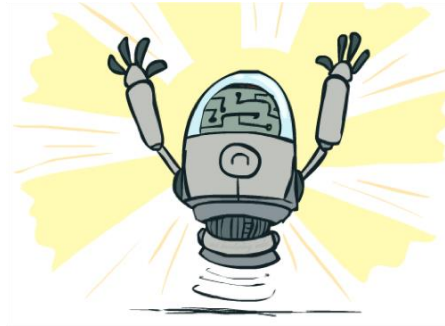


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OUR AGREEMENTS

Social

- Respect
- Dialogue
- Inclusiveness



COVID related

- In physical laboratories sessions (if any) take measures <https://support.cs.umu.se/covid-information/info>
- If person is infected, contact ISE2020 course teachers



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OUR AGREEMENTS

Technical

- Design/development attribution
- Design/development agreement
- Design/development acknowledgement
- Plagiarism has strong consequences <https://www.umu.se/en/student/we-can-assist-you/your-rights-and-responsibilities/cheating-and-plagiarism/>
- No Wizard-of-Oz in final projects (Adobe XD, Figma, Sketch, Balsamiq, etc.), only in the presentation of the initial design

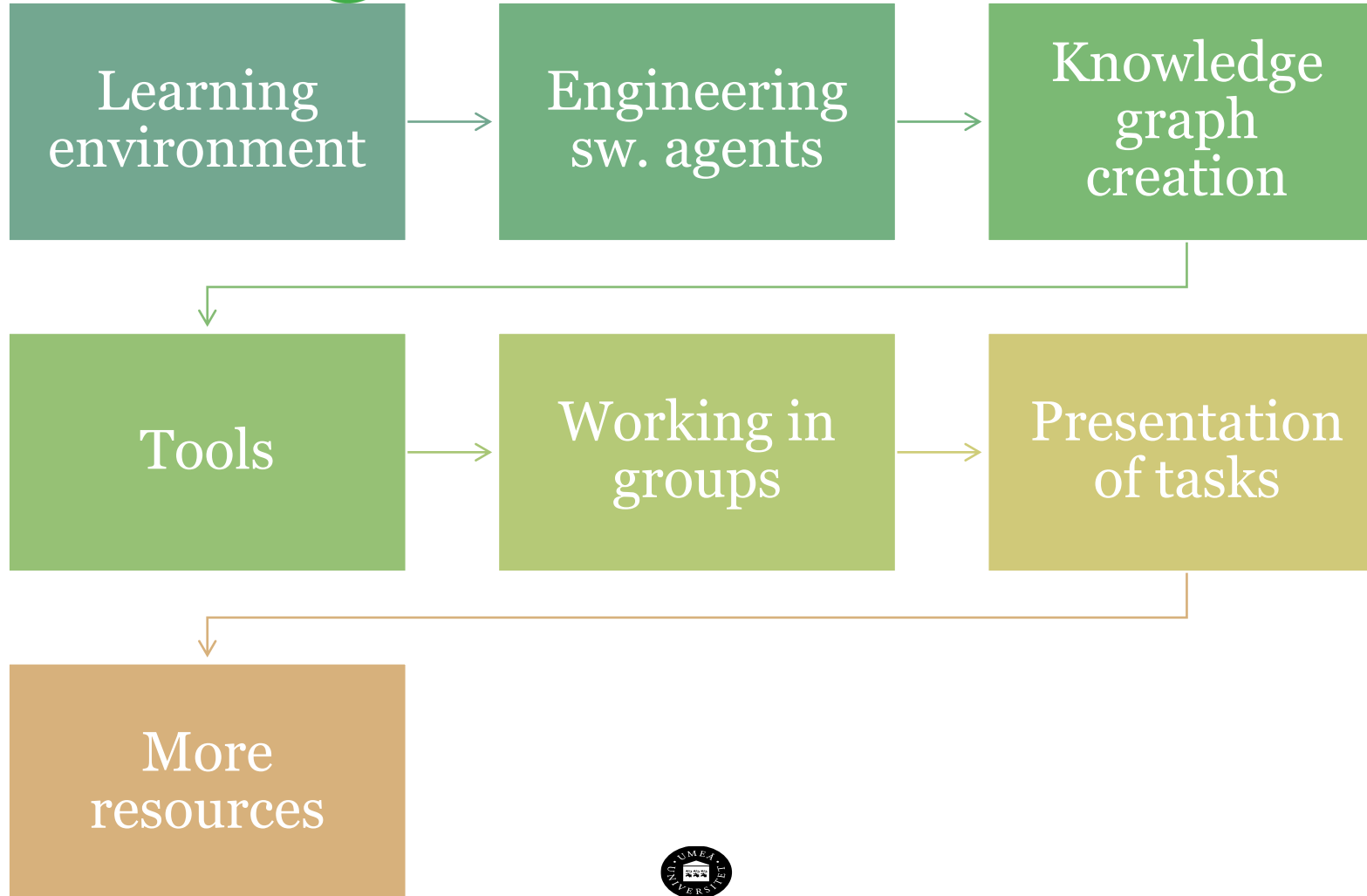


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CONTENT



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ENGINEERING AGENTS



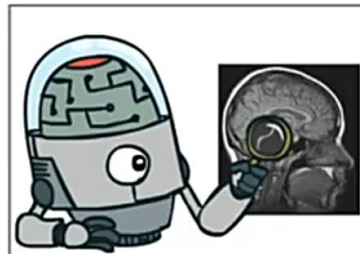
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ENGINEERING AGENTS

Recap:

- The Belief-Desire-Intention (original) is a theory to explain and predict the behavior and mental state of people.
- BDI model in (computer science) is used to design software to explain predict behaviour of agents with mental states.

Think like people



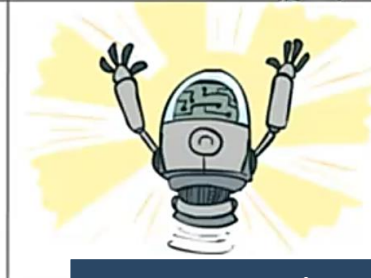
Think rationally



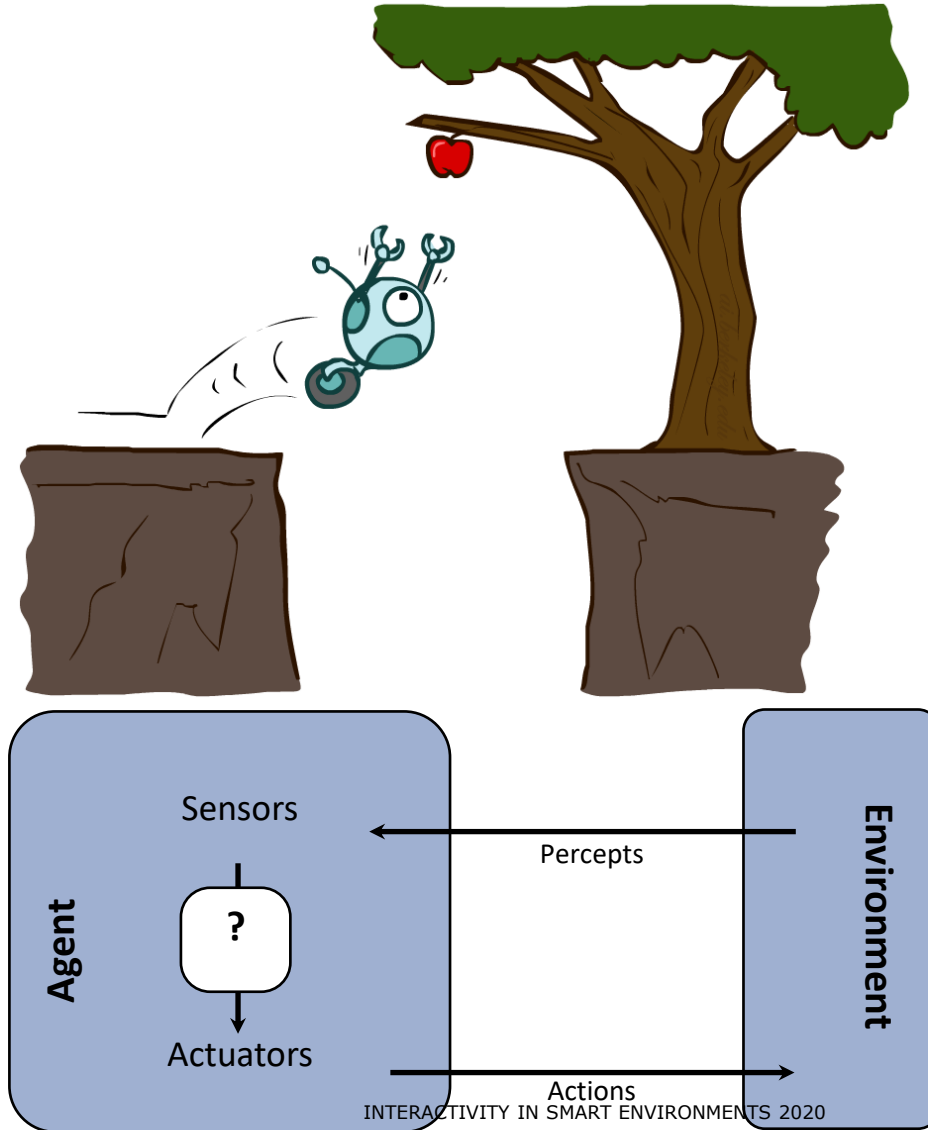
Act like people



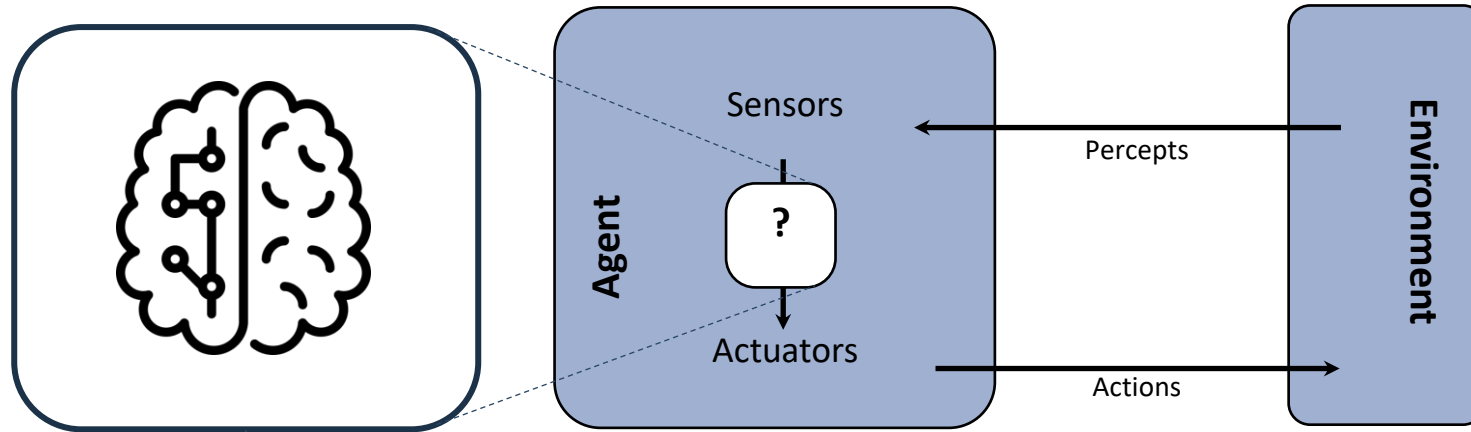
Act rationally



ENGINEERING AGENTS



TOOLS FOR BUILDING AGENT'S MODULES



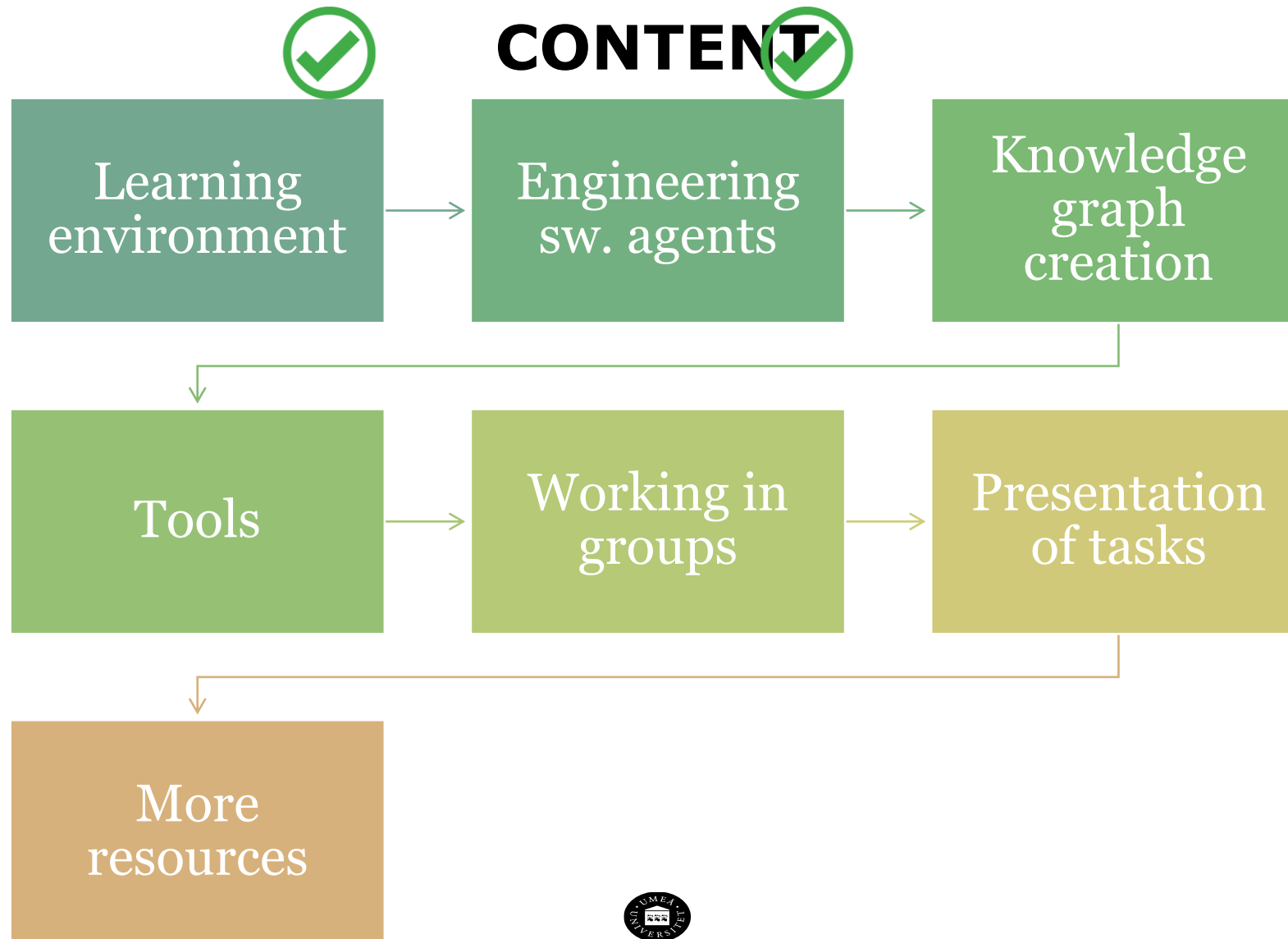
This lecture focus

HOW TO IMPLEMENT THIS ARCHITECTURE?

To implement this architecture we need to meet a number of difficult challenges.

For example,

1. How can we **create a knowledge base for our agent**?
2. How can we **make it function in a changing environment** and **maintain focus on its current goal** without losing the ability to change goals in response to important events in its environment?
3. How can we make **it capable of explaining some of these events** and use the explanations to fill gaps in its knowledge base?
4. How can we get it to use its knowledge to **do intelligent planning**?



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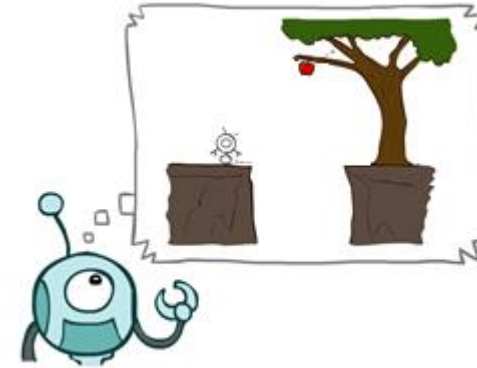
KNOWLEDGE GRAPH CREATION



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THE AGENT'S KNOWLEDGE

What an agent should have in its mind?



It depends on the environment!

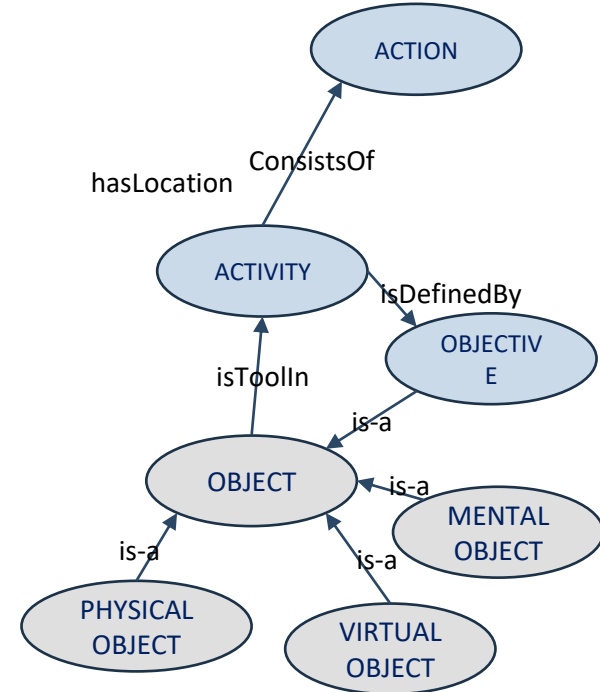
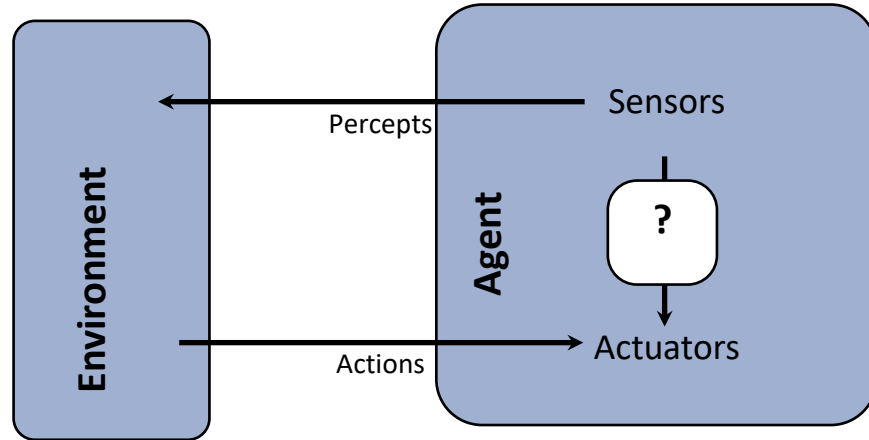
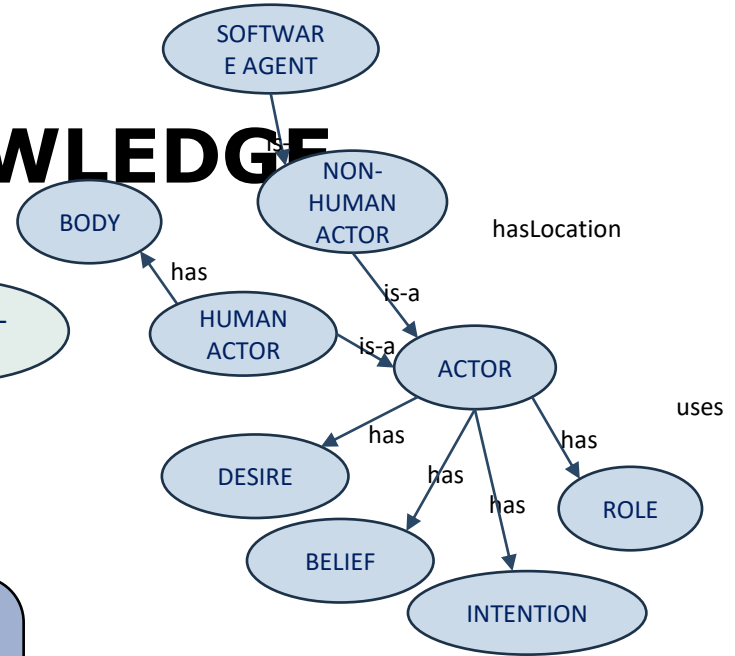
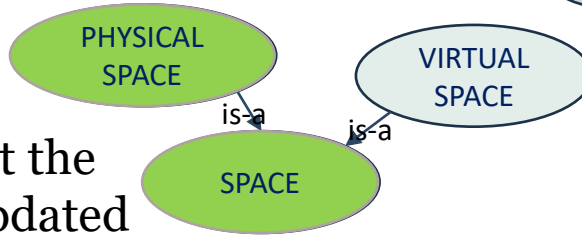


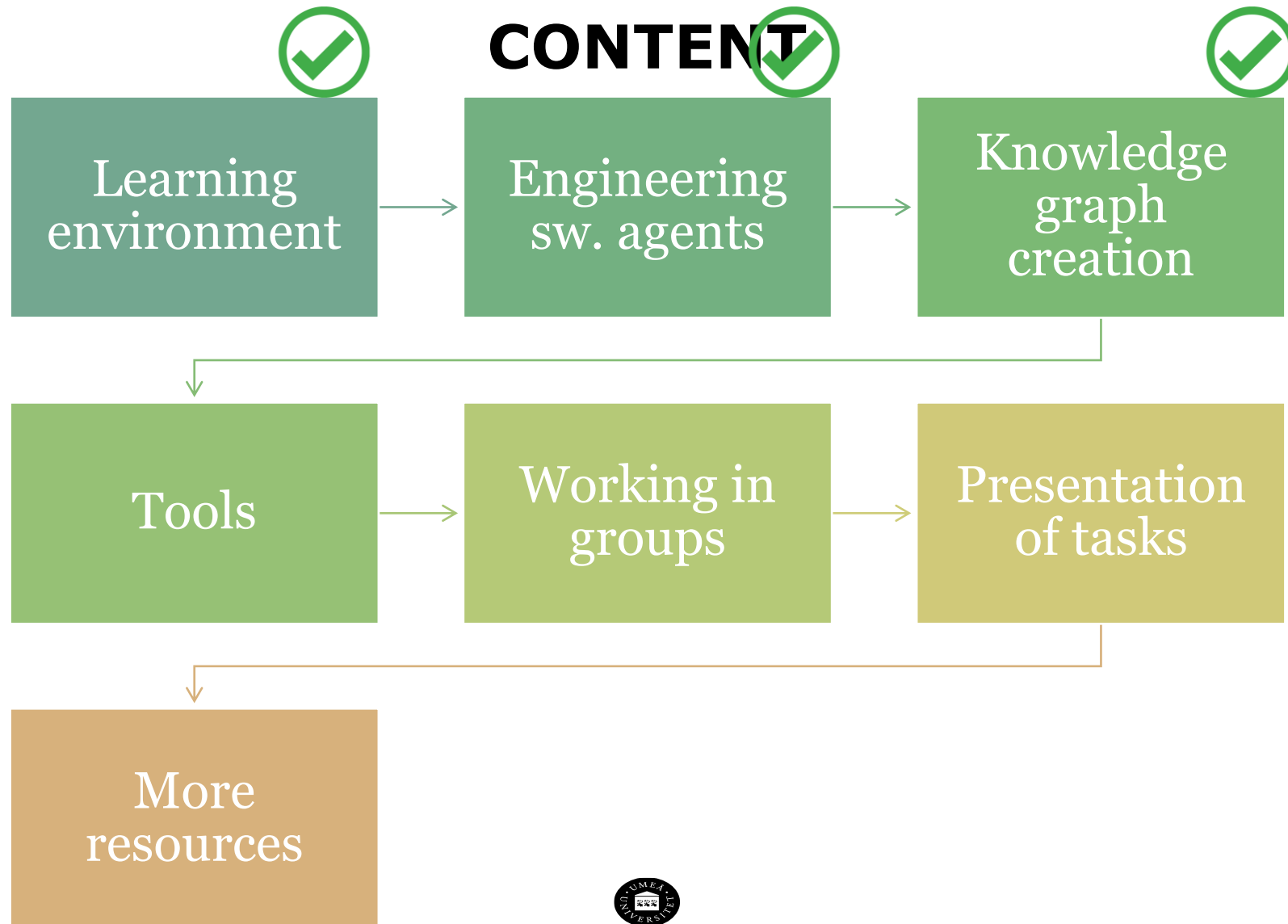
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THE AGENT'S KNOWLEDGE

Information about the environment is updated



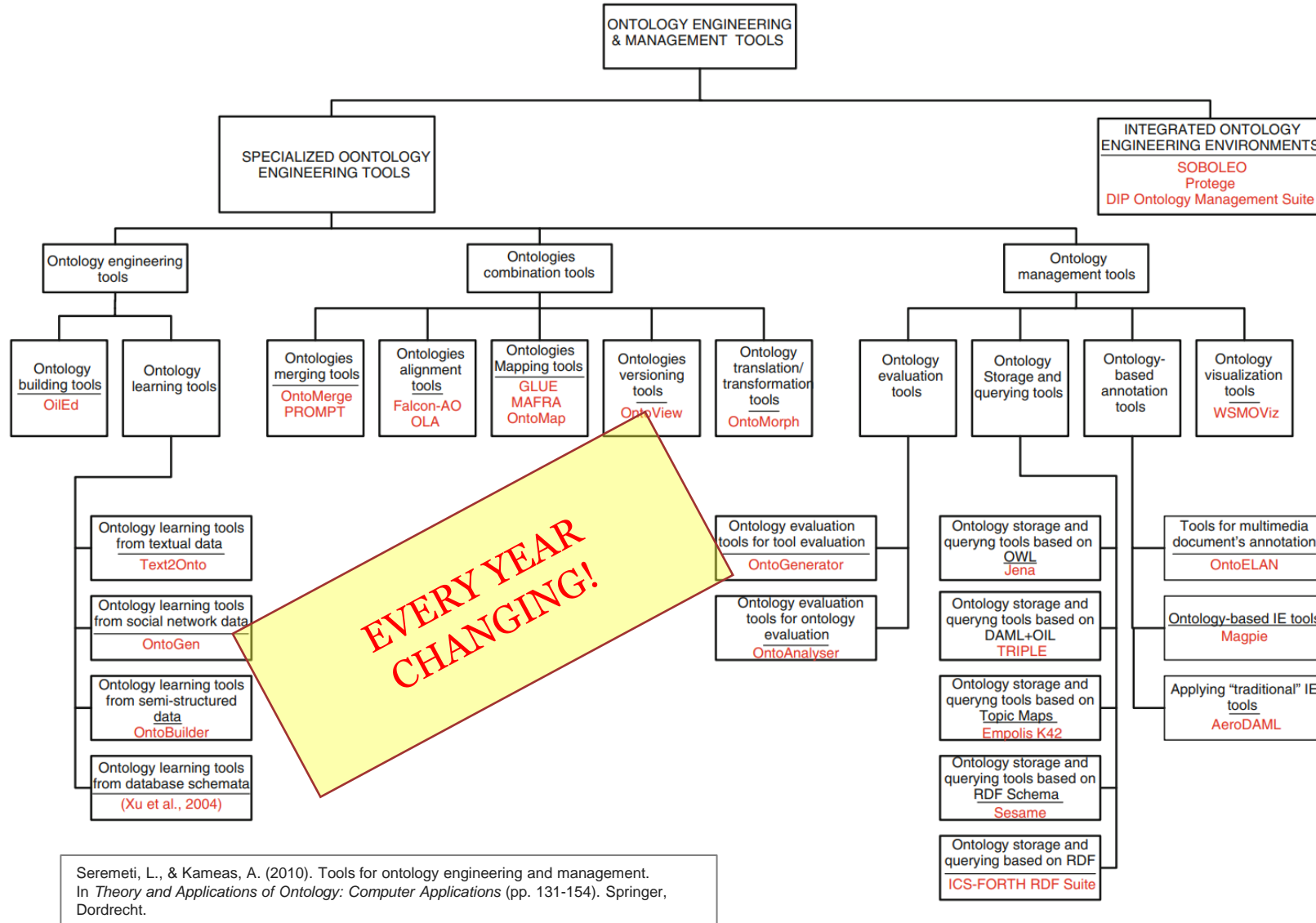


TOOLS FOR KNOWLEDGE BUILDING



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TOOLS FOR KNOWLEDGE BUILDING



Other alternatives:

ALTOVA SchemaAgent (pro: connected with UML and other tools; con: non free). URL: <https://www.altova.com/>

— AminePlatform (pro: open source; con: current version - 2017- not working). URL: <http://amine-platform.sourceforge.net/>

Sigma (pro: open source; con: installation bugs mostly Linux support). URL: <https://github.com/ontologyportal/sigma>

TopQuadrant (pro: Eclipse-like; cons: bugs, non free)

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES USED IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TOOLS



C++



Go



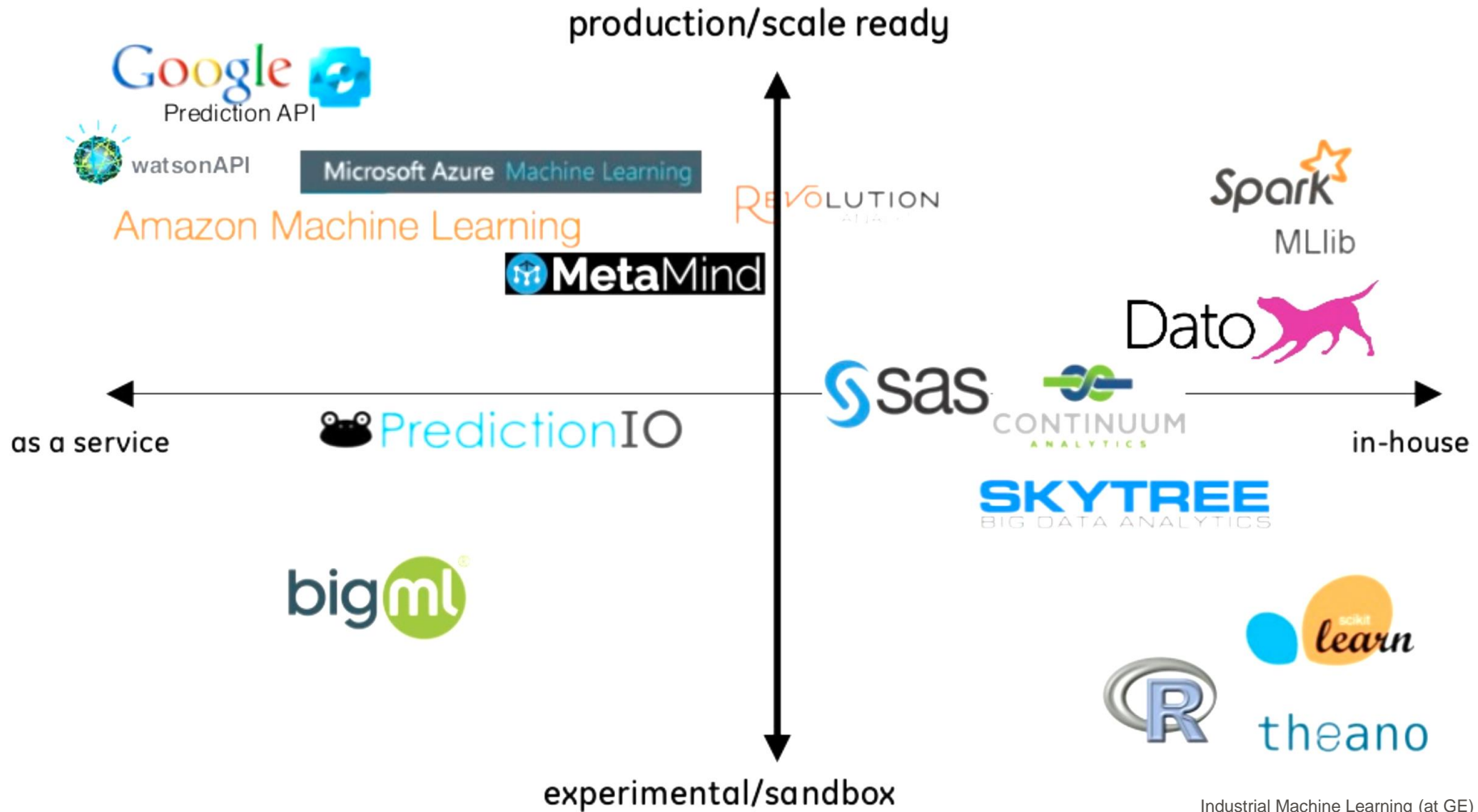
julia



C#



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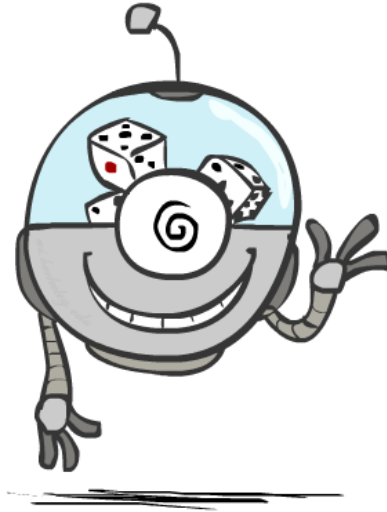


Industrial Machine Learning (at GE)

Joshua Bloom, Professor at UC Berkeley, CTO Wise/GE



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Question: What programming language(s) do you use/prefer?

Answer **keywords**
in <https://www.menti.com/>
code: 3093764



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PROTÉGÉ



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PROTÉGÉ

The screenshot shows the Protege application window with the 'File' menu open. The 'Open from URL...' option is highlighted, and a sub-menu is visible with 'Open an ontology from a URL' selected. The main interface shows the 'Ontology metrics' panel with the following data:

Metric	Count
Axiom	0
Logical axiom count	0
Declaration axioms count	0
Class count	0
Object property count	0
Data property count	0
Individual count	0
Annotation Property count	0
DL expressivity	AL

The 'Class axioms' section shows:

Axiom	Count
SubClassOf	0
EquivalentClasses	0
DisjointClasses	0
GCI count	0
Hidden GCI Count	0

The 'Object property axioms' section shows:

Axiom	Count
SubObjectPropertyOf	0
EquivalentObjectProperties	0
InverseObjectProperties	0
DisjointObjectProperties	0
FunctionalObjectProperty	0
InverseFunctionalObjectProperty	0
TransitiveObjectProperty	0
SymmetricObjectProperty	0
AsymmetricObjectProperty	0

The screenshot shows the 'Open an ontology from a URL' dialog box. It has a text input field for the URI and a list of bookmarked URIs. The bookmarked URIs are:

- http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people.owl
- http://protege.stanford.edu/ontologies/camera.owl
- http://protege.stanford.edu/ontologies/koala.owl
- http://protege.stanford.edu/ontologies/pizza/pizza.owl
- http://protege.stanford.edu/ontologies/travel.owl
- http://www.w3.org/TR/owl-guide/wine.rdf
- https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Tobion/Sports-Ontology/master/ontology.owl

The dialog box has 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

PROTÉGÉ

people (http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people) : [http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people.owl]

File Edit View Reasoner Tools Refactor Window Help

people (http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people) Search...

Active Ontology x Entities x Classes x Object Properties x Data Properties x Annotation Properties x Individuals by class x OWLViz x DL Query x

Ontology header: **Ontology IRI** http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people
Ontology Version IRI e.g. http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people/1.0.0

Annotations +

Ontology metrics:

Metrics	
Axiom	372
Logical axiom count	108
Declaration axioms count	74
Class count	60
Object property count	14
Data property count	0
Individual count	22
Annotation Property count	2
DL expressivity	ALCHOIN

Class axioms	
SubClassOf	33
EquivalentClasses	21
DisjointClasses	4
GCI count	1
Hidden GCI Count	3

Object property axioms	
SubObjectPropertyOf	3
EquivalentObjectProperties	0
InverseObjectProperties	3
DisjointObjectProperties	0
FunctionalObjectProperty	0

people (http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people) : [http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people.owl]

File Edit View Reasoner Tools Refactor Window Help

people (http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people) Search...

Active Ontology x Entities x Classes x Object Properties x Data Properties x Annotation Properties x Individuals by class x OWLViz x DL Query x

Class hierarchy: owl:Thing OWLViz: owl:Thing

Class hierarchy: owl:Thing

- owl:Thing
 - adult
 - animal
 - bone
 - brain
 - company
 - dog
 - female
 - 'haulage worker'
 - leaf
 - male
 - pet
 - plant
 - tree
 - grass
 - publication
 - vehicle
 - car
 - van
 - bicycle
 - truck
 - 'white thing'
 - young
- 'haulage worker'
- leaf
- male
- pet
- plant
 - tree
 - grass
- publication
- vehicle
 - car
 - van
 - bicycle
 - truck
- 'white thing'
- young



people (http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people) : [http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people.owl]

File Edit View Reasoner Tools Refactor Window Help

people (http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people) Search...

Active Ontology x Entities x Classes x Object Properties x Data Properties x Annotation Properties x Individuals by class x OWLViz x DL Query x

Class hierarchy: owl:Thing DL query:

owl:Thing

- adult
 - driver
 - elderly
 - 'old lady'
 - grownup
 - man
 - woman
- animal
 - cat
 - duck
 - giraffe
 - person
 - sheep
 - tiger
 - vegetarian
 - cow
 - 'mad cow'
- bone
- brain
- company
- dog
- female
- 'haulage worker'
- leaf
- male
- pet
- plant
- publication
- vehicle
- 'white thing'
- young

Query (class expression)

has_pet **only** animal

Execute Add to ontology

Query results

Instances (26 of 28)

◆ 'Daily Mirror'	?
◆ 'Q123 ABC'	?
◆ 'The Guardian'	?
◆ 'The Sun'	?
◆ 'The Times'	?
◆ Dewey	?
◆ Fido	?
◆ Flossie	?
◆ Fluffy	?
◆ Fred	?
◆ Helena	?
◆ Huey	?
◆ Joe	?
◆ Kevin	?
◆ Louie	?
◆ Mick	?
◆ Minnie	?
◆ Pete	?
◆ Rex	?
◆ Spike	?
◆ Tibbs	?
◆ Tom	?
◆ Walt	?
◆ esteban	?

Query for

- Direct superclasses
- Superclasses
- Equivalent classes
- Direct subclasses
- Subclasses
- Instances

Result filters

Name contains

- Display owl:Thing (in superclass results)
- Display owl:Nothing (in subclass results)

PROTÉGÉ

Try some DL (Description Logics) queries with the people ontology and check the explanations:

- **adult** and **has_pet** some **cat** or **has_pet** some **dog**
- **adult** and **has_pet** value **Rex**
- **woman** and **has_pet** min **1** **cat**
- **animal** and **is_pet_of** some **adult**

\exists	Existential, someValuesFrom	"some", "at least one"
\forall	Universal, allValuesFrom	"only"
\in	hasValue	"equals x"
$=$	Cardinality	"exactly n"
\leq	Max Cardinality	"at most n"
\geq	Min Cardinality	"at least n"

PROTÉGÉ

people (http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people) : [http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people.owl]

File Edit View Reasoner Tools Refactor Window Help

Active Ontology x Entities x Object Properties x Individuals by class x OWLViz x DL Query x

Class hierarchy: dog

- owl:Thing
 - adult
 - animal
 - bone
 - brain
 - company
 - dog
 - female
 - 'haulage worker'
 - house
 - leaf
 - male
 - man
 - pet
 - plant
 - publication
 - vehicle
 - 'white thing'
 - young

DL query: Asserted

Query (class expression)

adult and has_pet value Rex

Execute Add to ontology

Query results

Instances (1 of 1)

- Mick

Query for

- Direct superclasses
- Superclasses
- Equivalent classes
- Direct subclasses
- Subclasses
- Instances

Result filters

Name contains

- Display owl:Thing (in superclass results)
- Display owl:Nothing (in subclass results)

people (http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people) : [http://owl.man.ac.uk/2006/07/sssw/people.owl]

File Edit View Reasoner Tools Refactor Window Help

Active Ontology x Entities x Object Properties x Individuals by class x OWLViz x DL Query x

Class hierarchy: dog

- owl:Thing
 - adult
 - animal
 - bone
 - brain
 - company
 - dog
 - female
 - 'haulage worker'
 - house
 - leaf
 - male

DL query: Asserted

Query (class expression)

adult and has_pet value Rex

Execute Add to ontology

Query results

Instances (1 of 1)

- Mick

Query for

- Direct superclasses
- Superclasses
- Equivalent classes
- Direct subclasses
- Subclasses
- Instances

Explanation for Mick Type adult and (has_pet value Rex)

- Show regular justifications
- All justifications
- Show laconic justifications
- Limit justifications to 2

Explanation 1 Display laconic explanation

Explanation for: Mick Type adult and (has_pet value Rex)

- has_pet InverseOf is_pet_of
- van SubClassOf vehicle
- Mick drives 'Q123 ABC'
- Rex is_pet_of Mick
- has_pet Domain person
- driver SubClassOf adult
- driver EquivalentTo person and (drives some vehicle)
- 'Q123 ABC' Type van

Check the explanation!

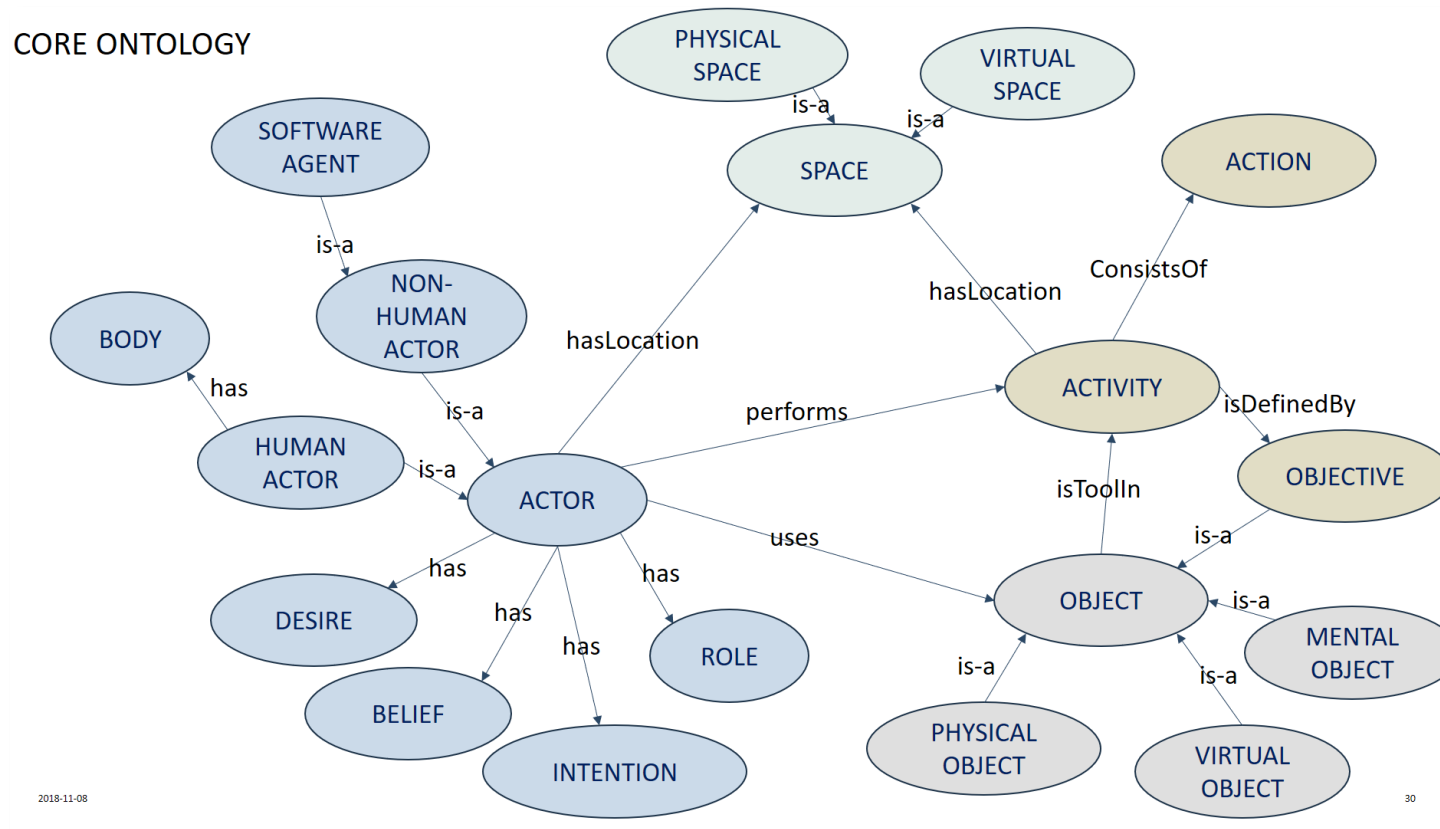


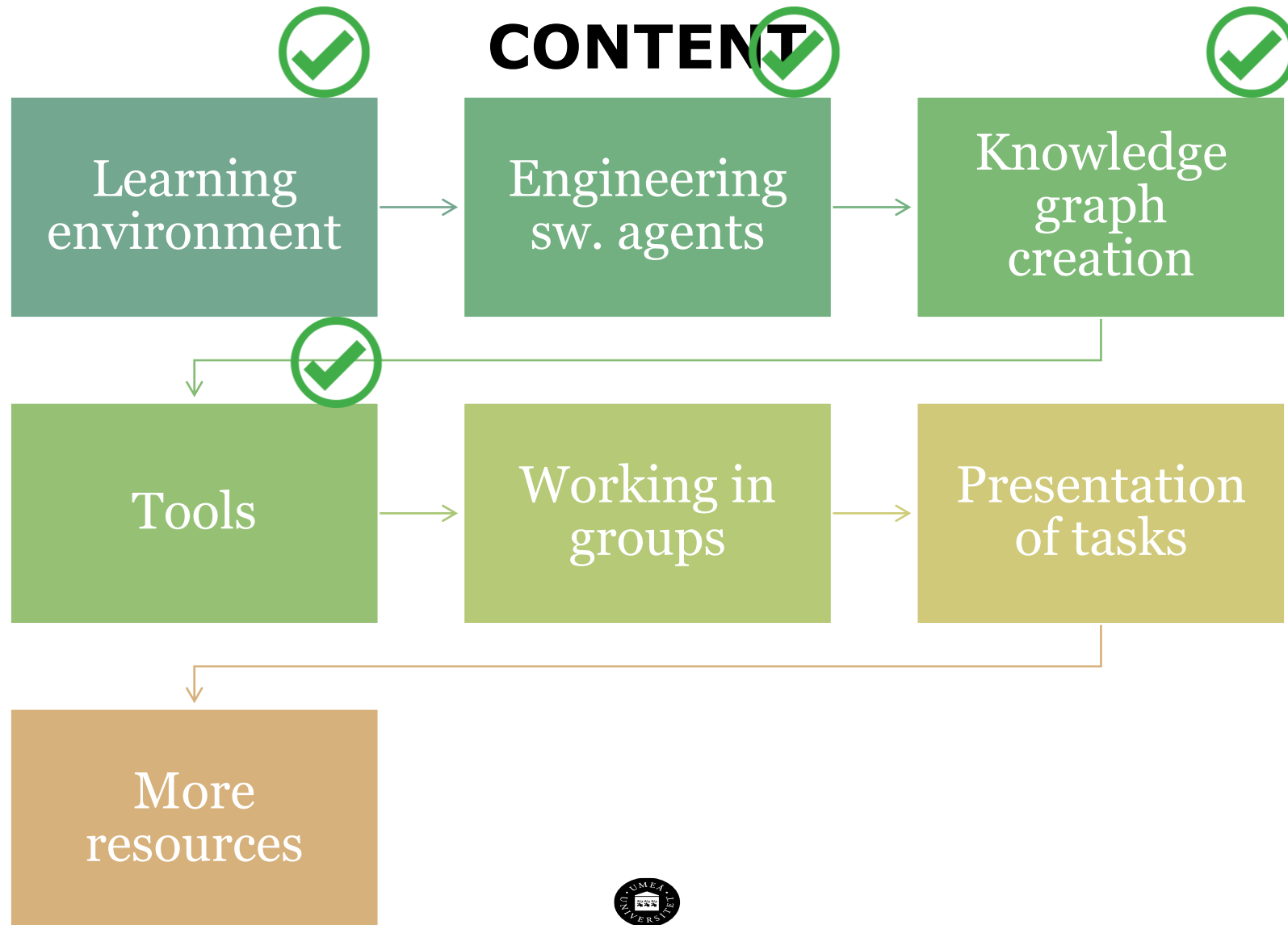
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PROTÉGÉ

Try Protégé with the core ontology!





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TASK
BUILDING A KNOWLEDGE BASE
COLLABORATIVELY



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COLLABORATIVE TASK

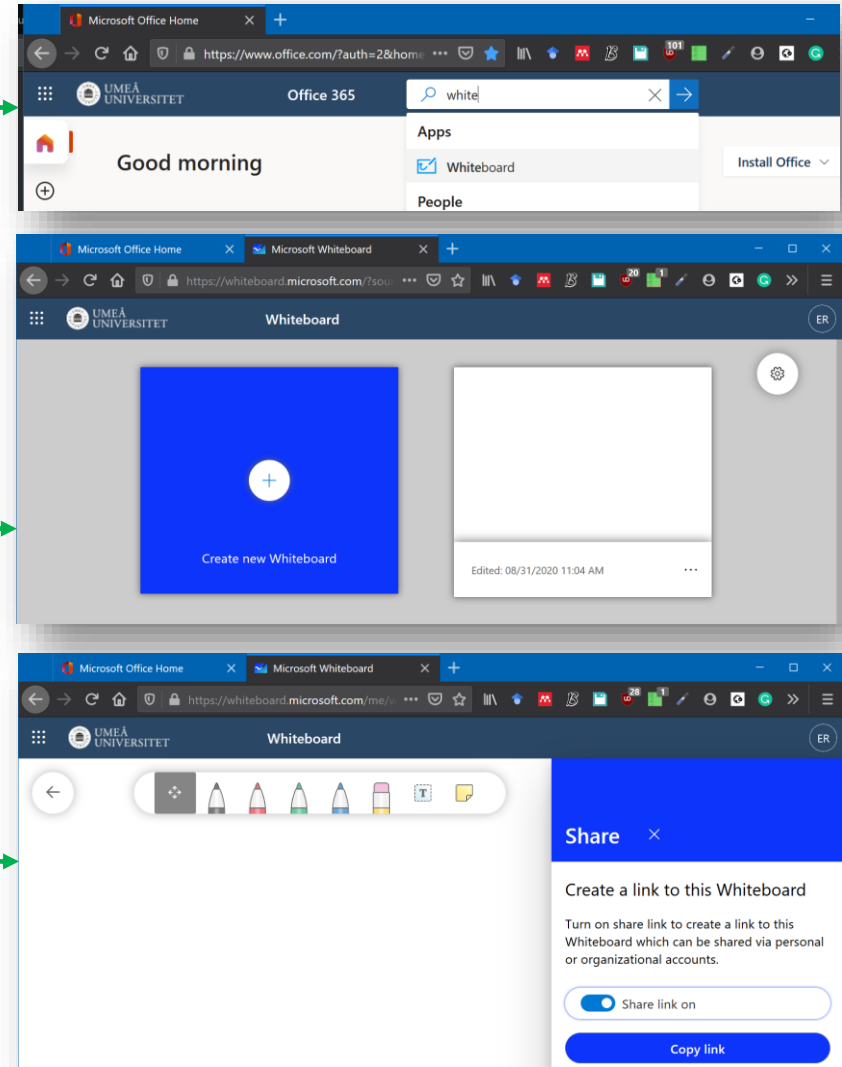
Procedure:

- Split the group in Zoom rooms to form teams –**randomly**-
- Select a specific running example of a smart environment
 - 1.Examples: an older adult living at home with some specific needs (smart home environment), a tourist looking for specific city places with particular needs (smart city), a mixed reality pet that work as a companion of a person with specific needs (smart virtual environment), etc. –**please imagine other scenarios**
 1. **Re-use the previous example - maybe**
- Knowledge graph collaboratively building based on the example
 - 2.In the Zoom room one person opens the Zoom Whiteboard (Share Screen->Whiteboard-> Share)
 - 3.Create the taxonomy of entities (nodes) with relationships (**is-a**) using a color
 - 4.Create semantic relationships (e.g. **has_pet, is_pet_of**) with other color
 - 5.Add some *individuals* in other words, examples or instances of those entities with other color
 - 6.Add names of the group member in the top-left of the drawing
 - 7.Add a title to the graph, example: older adult smart environment graph, tourist smart city graph, etc.
- Save the drawing graph locally
 - 8.In Zoom click in Save on top of the Whiteboard
- Answer questions (next slide), take notes about those answers. Then present those answers.
- **Time 10 minutes**

COLLABORATIVE TASK

Alternatively, for sharing if Annotations and Whiteboard in Zoom is limited:

1. All the team members go to o365.umu.se/
2. Login with UmU credentials
3. One person creates and opens a new Whiteboard
4. Share the link of the new whiteboard with the other members via Zoom
5. Make the knowledge graph collaboratively
6. Save the graph



COLLABORATIVE TASK

Procedure:

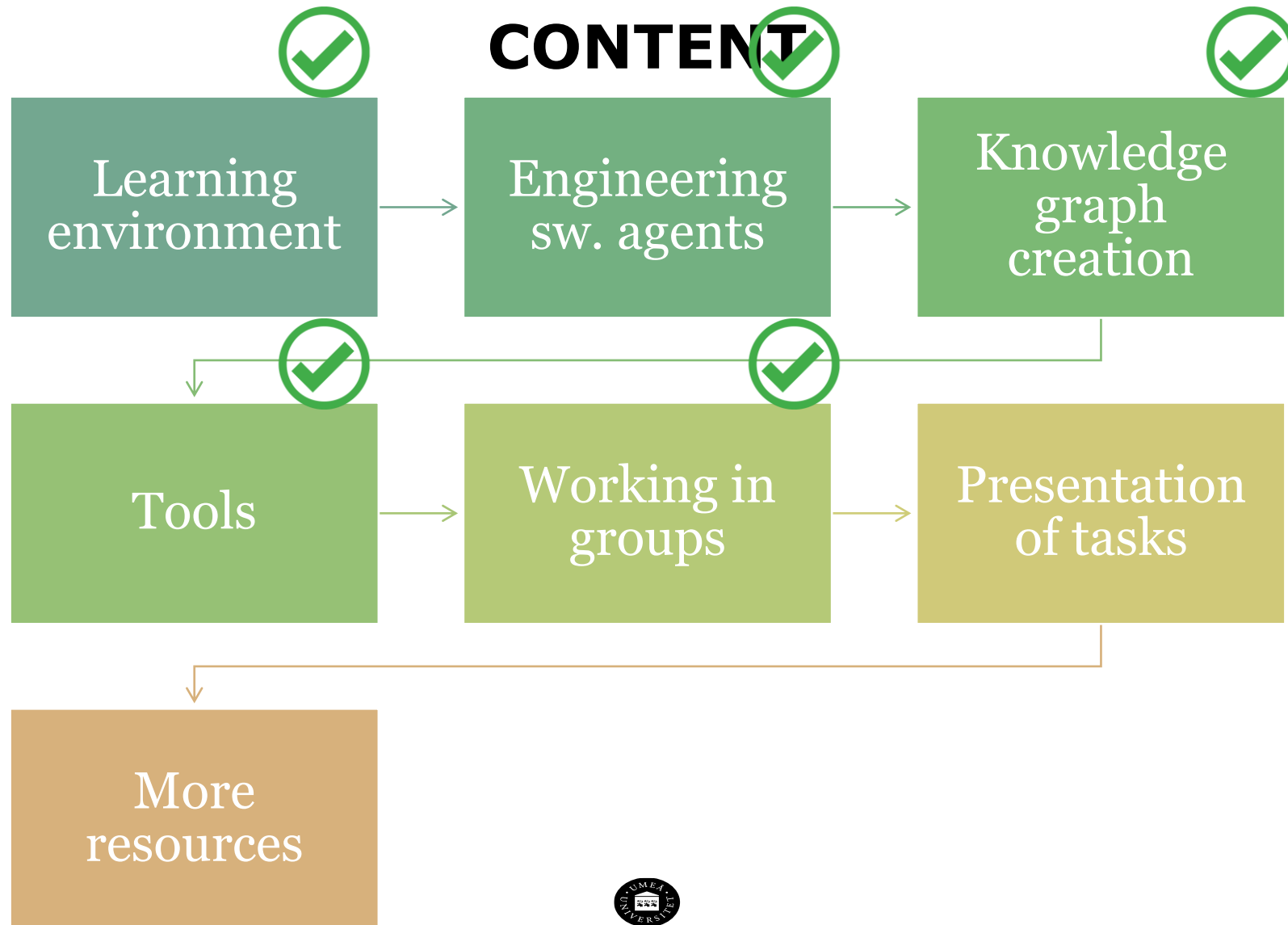
- Open Web protégé: <https://webprotege.stanford.edu/>
- Create an account
- Create the taxonomy (the families of knowledge entities)

•Time 10 minutes

COLLABORATIVE TASK

Questions

- What information of the graph is *necessary*?
- What parts of the graph *change on time* (dynamic smart environment variables)?
- What information may be *uncertain or incomplete*?



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PRESENTATION OF THE RUNNING EXAMPLE AND KNOWLEDGE GRAPH



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PRESENTATION OF EXAMPLE AND KNOWLEDGE GRAPH

Procedure:

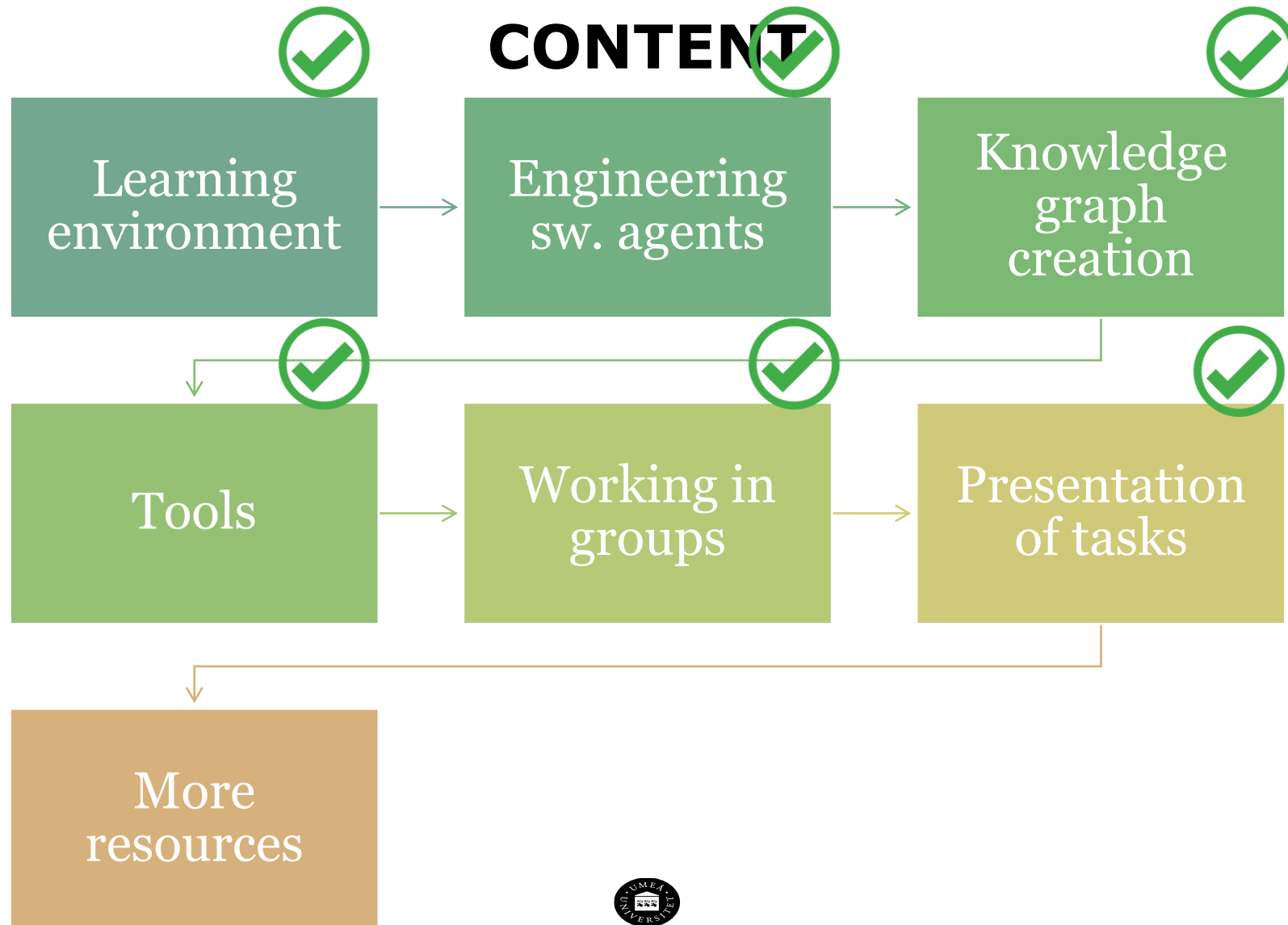
- Join the main Zoom session
- Different members of the group present the running example.
- Others present the graph.
- Other the reflections

Time for every presentation 5-10 minutes



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MORE EXAMPLES AND RESOURCES

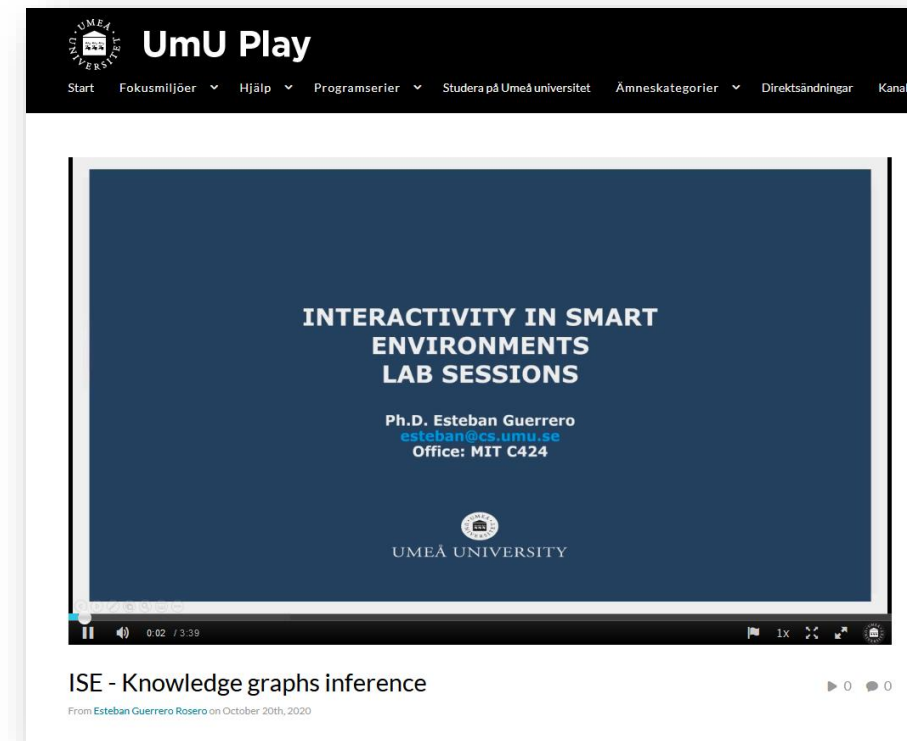


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RESOURCES

Videos

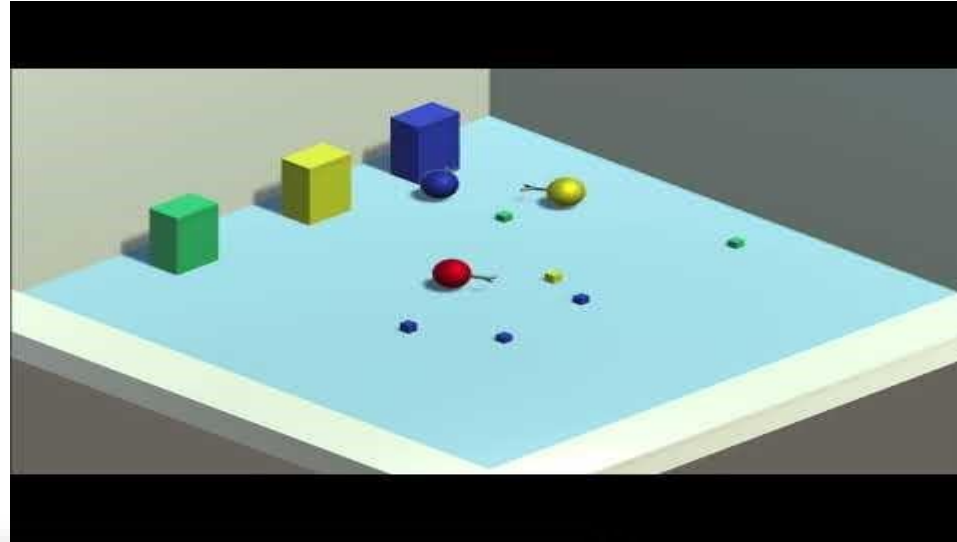
1. Knowledge graph introduction using Protégé and Web Protégé
 - https://play.umu.se/media/t/o_3x6wbk3a
2. Knowledge graph inference using Web Protégé
 - https://play.umu.se/media/t/o_w26f2068
3. Knowledge graphs relationships
 - https://play.umu.se/media/t/o_kvb62yvt



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EXAMPLES



BDI Agents and Artifacts in Unity

14 commits 2 branches 0 releases 1 contributor

Branch: master New pull request Find file Clone or download

conner985 Update README.md Latest commit 4114c1e on Oct 24, 2018

- Examples/RecyclingRobots the example now have some balloons to visualize what the bot is doing 2 years ago
- UnityLogic the example now have some balloons to visualize what the bot is doing 2 years ago
- README.md Update README.md last year

README.md

UnityLogic

BDI Agents and Artifacts in Unity

Development framework based on Prolog with interoperability with Unity to write complex behaviours in a declarative way - i.e. do_this, than_this, finally_this

You can read more about this project in my master thesis at: http://amslaurea.unibo.it/15657/1/poli_nicola_tesi.pdf

A video of the example developed using this architecture is available at: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BMHiZImVC3A>

In the example, agents learn from one another and build their own behaviour at runtime sharing their knowledge of the world

For any question you can contact me at: conner985@gmail.com

Game Engines and MAS: BDI & Artifacts in Unity

Author:
Nicola POLI

Supervisor:
Prof. Andrea OMICINI

Cosupervisor:
Dr. Stefano MARIANI

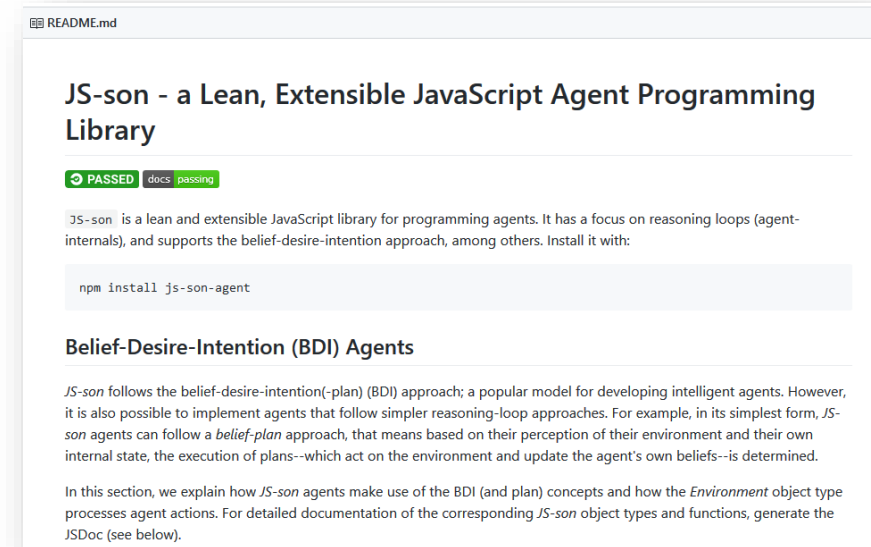
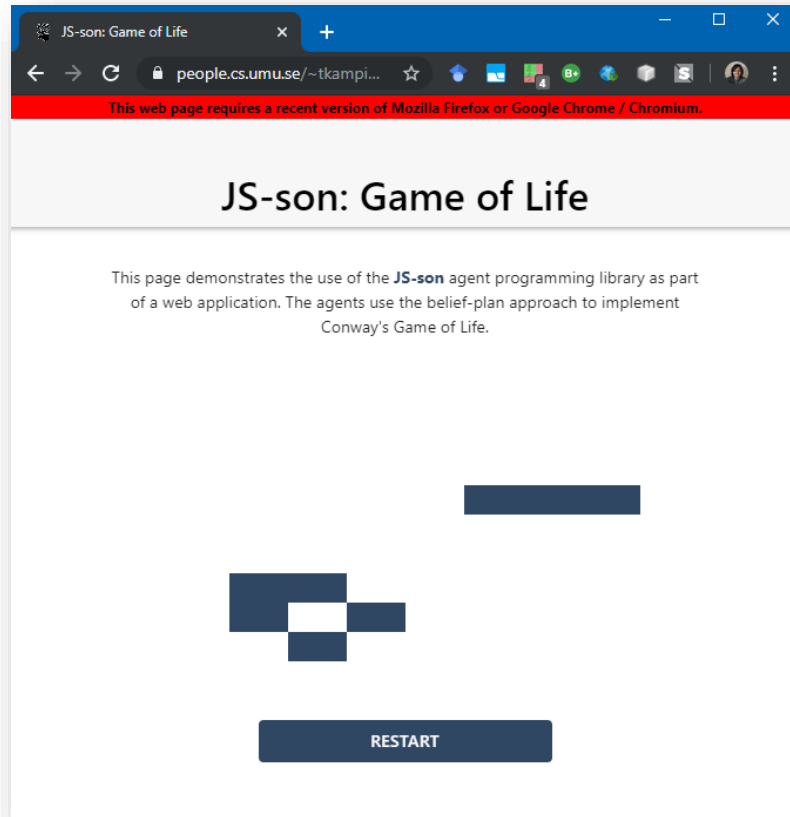
Examiner:
Dr. Silvia MIRRI

Thesis in Autonomous Systems

https://amslaurea.unibo.it/15657/1/poli_nicola_tesi.pdf

<https://github.com/conner985/UnityLogic>

EXAMPLES



Game of Life

- At each step in time, the following transitions occur:
- Any live cell with fewer than two live neighbours dies, as if by underpopulation.
- Any live cell with two or three live neighbours lives on to the next generation.
- Any live cell with more than three live neighbours dies, as if by overpopulation.
- Any dead cell with exactly three live neighbours becomes a live cell, as if by reproduction.

THANK YOU